

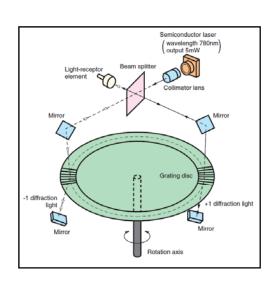
# Canon's Technology Has Changed the World of Rotary Encoders: 81,000 Pulses with 36mm Diameter

#### **THEORY**

As illustrated in the diagram, laser beams are applied to two points equidistant from the grating disc's center of revolution. One diffraction beam is positive first order (+1) and the other is negative first order (-1).

For each 1 pitch that the grating disc revolves, the  $\pm 1$  diffraction light will change each phase by  $\pm 2\pi$ . Reflecting the  $\pm 1$  diffraction light into respective mirrors and then reapplying it to the grating disc changes the phase by  $\pm 4\pi$ .

In this way, each time the grating disc revolves 1 pitch, the brightness interference signals for 4 cycles can be obtained, making highly accurate angle sensing possible.



## **FEATURES**

- Using diffraction and interference with high precision grating disk, Canon laser rotary encoders minimize the product size and offer very high density pulse making features.
- ●Two laser beams are irradiated simultaneously onto two locations which are symmetrical with respect to the rotational center of the grating disk. This configuration compensates for the eccentricity of the disk, which often causes measurement error.
- ●The new reflection optical system eliminates measurement error caused by temperature change which affects the wavelength stability of a semiconductor laser.
- ●Based on the interference principle, light intensities at the end of optical paths are modulated sinusoidally with rotation of the grating disk changing them into electrical signal

## APPLICATION EXAMPLES

- Robotic engineering
- Sensor for NC machine
- Stage position control

- Direct motor control
- Angle sensor for measuring instruments

## SPECIFICATION TABLE

	R-1SO	R-1SL	K-1	R-1P32	M-1S	KP-1Z	X-1M
Light source	Semiconductor Laser 780nm, 5mW max.						
Pulse/rev. (wtihout external interpolation)	81,000			648,000 *2 (with internal interpolation unit)	50,000	81,000	225,000
Resolution* <sup>3</sup>		4 arc-sec.		0.5 arc-sec.	6.48arc-sec.	4 arc-sec.	1.44 arc-sec.
Max. response		500kHz(360rpm)		2.398MHz(222rpm)	2MHz(2400rpm)	250kHz(185rpm)	675kHz(180rpm)
Output Signal							
A/B phase	incremental signal incremental signal wave incremental			si	gle wave incremental 2 phase s signal incremen		
Z phase*1	Rectangle wave signal Open Collector	Rectangle wave signal Balanced Line driver	Rectangle wave signal Open Collector	Rectangle wave signal Line driver		TTL	Rectangle wave signal Balanced Line driver
Permissible rotating speed	max 5,000rpm				-	-	
Starting torque	max 9gf·cm max 50gf·cm			max 50gf·cm	-	_	
Rotor intertial moment (GD <sup>2</sup> )	8gf cm <sup>2</sup>				40gf·cm²	-	-
Permissible load	Radial : 0.4Kgf Thrust : 1.0Kgf				Radial : 1.5Kgf Thrust : 2.0Kgf	-	-
Power supply							
Voltage	DC +/- 5.00V +/- 5%						
Current (without output load)	+5V 200mA max -5V 100mA max	+5V 250mA max -5V 100mA max	+5V 200mA max -5V 100mA max	+5V 250mA max -5V 100mA max	+5V 280mA max -5V 100mA max	+5V 200mA max -5V 100mA max	+5V 260mA max -5V 60mA max
Outer diameter	∅36mm			Ø56	∅56mm ∅140mm		
Weight (without cable)	80g 80g 80g			80g	260g	160g (detection unit)	1.2kg (detection unit)
Working environment							
Operating temperature	0° C ~ 50° C			10° C ~ 40° C			
Storage temperature	$-30^{\circ}$ C $\sim$ 80° C $-10^{\circ}$ C $\sim$ 60° C $-30^{\circ}$ C $\sim$ 80° C $-10^{\circ}$ C $\sim$ 60°					∼ 60° C	
Humidity	90%RH or less (No condensation)				80%RH or less (No condensation)		
Vibration	10G, 500Hz or less 5G, 200			5G, 200Hz or less	10G, 500Hz or less	5G, 200Hz or less	5G, 250Hz or less
Impact	30G, 11msec or less			60G, 11msec or less	30G, 11m	sec or less	

<sup>\*1:</sup> Z phase signal is not synchronized with either A phase or B phase signal.
\*2: Resolution can be selected from 648,000/405,000/324,000/162,000 ppr by changing the setting of internal interpolation unit

<sup>\*3:</sup> delta between A phase pulse and B phase pulse

# R-1S0

# 81,000 pulses per revolution in a compact housing, Open collector output

- Compact and lightweight.
- High resolution: 81,000 pulses/rev, equal to 4 arc second for each pulse (without interpolator).
- Open collector output.
- Maximum frequency response of 500kHz.

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

■ Pulse 81,000 pulse/revolution
■ Resolution 4 arc-sec (without interpolator)

■ Output Signal 2 phase rectangle wave incremental

signal, Open Collector

Z phase rectangle wave reference signal

,Open Collector

●Signal width A phase, B phase : 0.4<=(a+b)/p<=0.6

 $a=(1/4\pm 1/36)p$  $c=(1/4\pm 1/36)p$ 

Z phase : 500<=e<=1250 nsec

Accumulate error
 20arc-secp-p or less

Maximum response frequency

■ Maximum response

rotation speed

■ Light source

Voltage

■ Current

360rpm (6rps)

500kHz

Semiconductor Laser 780nm, 5mw max.

 $DC\pm5V\pm5\%$ 

+5V:200 mA maximum with no output

-5V: 100mA maximum

#### **MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

■ Maximum Rotation Rate 5,000rpm

Starting Torque 9gf·cm or less

Inertial Moment of Rotor (GD2) 8gf·cm²

Maximum Load on Shaft Radial: 0.4kgf

■Thrust: 1.0kgf or less
■Maximum Angular Acceleration 10<sup>5</sup>rad/sec<sup>2</sup>

■ Weight approx. 80g without cable

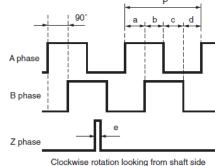
■ Diameter 36mm

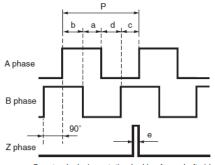
#### **ENVIROMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS**

- Operating Temperature 0 to 50° C
- Storage Temperature -30 to 80° C
- Humidity 90%RH or less (no condensation)
- Vibration 10G, 500Hz max.
- Shock 30G, 11ms max.

### **OUTPUT SIGNAL**

## Z phase is not synchronized with A phase or B phase

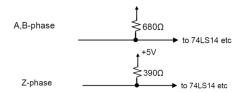




Counterclockwise rotation looking from shaft side

### **OUTPUT CIRCUIT**





# R-1SL

# 81,000 square wave pulses per revolution in a compact housing, line driver output

- · Compact and lightweight.
- High resolution: 81,000 pulses/rev, equal to 1 arc second with interpolator Cl16-2. (1,296,000 pulses per revolution)
- Maximum frequency response of 500kHz (360rpm).



# **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

■ Pulse 81,000 pulse/revolution
■ Resolution 4 arc-sec (without interpolator)

■ Output Signal 2 phase rectangle wave incremental

signal, Line Driver

Z phase rectangle wave reference signal,

Line Driver

●Signal width A phase, B phase : 0.4<=(a+b)/p<=0.6

500kHz

 $a=(1/4\pm 1/36)p$  $c=(1/4\pm 1/36)p$ 

Z phase : 500<=e<=1250 nsec

Accumulate error
 20arc-secp-p or less

■ Maximum response frequency

■ Maximum response

rotation speed 360rpm (6rps)
■ Light source Semiconductor Laser 780nm, 5mw max.

■ Voltage DC±5V ±5%

■ Current +5V: 250mA maximum with no output

-5V: 100mA maximum

#### **MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

■ Maximum Rotation Rate 5,000rpm

Starting Torque 9gf·cm or less

Inertial Moment of Rotor (GD2) 8gf·cm²

Maximum Load on Shaft Radial: 0.4kgf

Thrust: 1.0kgf or less

■ Thrust: 1.0kgf or less
■ Maximum Angular Acceleration 10<sup>5</sup>rad/sec<sup>2</sup>

■ Weight approx. 80g without cable

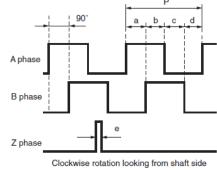
■ Diameter 36mm

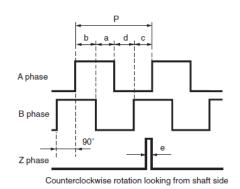
#### **ENVIROMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS**

- Operating Temperature 0 to 50° C
- ■Storage Temperature -30 to 80°C
- Humidity 90%RH or less (no condensation)
- Vibration 10G, 500Hz max.
- Shock 30G, 11ms max.

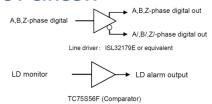
## **OUTPUT SIGNAL**

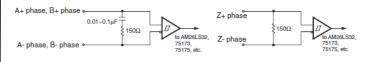
### Z phase is not synchronized with A phase or B phase





## **OUTPUT CIRCUIT**





# K-1

# 81,000 sine wave pulses per revolution

- Compact and lightweight.
- High resolution: 81,000 pulses/rev
- Maximum frequency response of 500kHz (360rpm).



#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

■Resolution 81,000 sinusoidal wave/revolution
■Angle/Pulse 16 arc-sec (without interpolator)

■Output Signal 2 phase sin wave incremental signal,

Z phase rectangle wave reference signal

■Signal Amplitude A phase, B phase : 1.0 <sup>+0.2</sup><sub>-0.15</sub> V<sub>P-P</sub>

(Open circuit output impedance is

about  $110\Omega$  at a frequency of 100kHz)

●Phase Difference between A phase and B phase 90°±10°

Pulse width Z phase : 100≤e≤250 nsec

●Accumulate error 20arc-sec<sub>p-p</sub> or less

■ Maximum response frequency 500kHz
■ Maximum response rotation speed 360rpm (6rps)

■Light source Semiconductor Laser 780nm, 5mw max.

■Voltage DC±5V ±5%

■Current +5V: 200mA maximum with no output load

-5V: 100mA maximum

### **MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

■ Maximum Rotation Rate 5,000rpm

Starting Torque 9g⋅cm or less

Inertial Moment of Rotor (GD²) 8g⋅cm²

■Maximum Load on Shaft Radial : 0.4kg

Thrust: 1.0kg or less

■Maximum Angular Acceleration 10<sup>5</sup> rad/sec<sup>2</sup>

■Weight approx. 80g without cable

■Diameter 36mm

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS**

■Operating Temperature 0 to 50°C

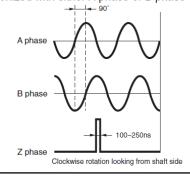
■Storage Temperature -30 to 80°C

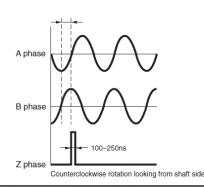
■Humidity 90%RH or less (no condensation)

■Vibration 10G, 500Hz max.
■Shock 30G, 11ms max.

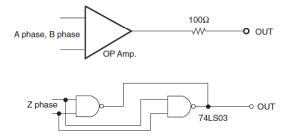
#### **OUTPUT SIGNAL**

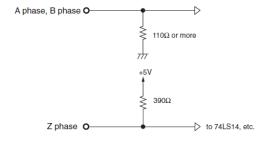
Z phase is not synchronized with either A phase or B phase





### **OUTPUT CIRCUIT**





# M-1S

# 2MHz (2,400rpm) high frequency response



- Heavy duty for factory environment.
- Maximum frequency response of 2MHz.
- Balanced line driver output circuit enables long distance signal transmission.

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Pulse 5,000 pulse/revolution

■ Resolution 6.48 arc-sec (without interpolator) ■Output Signal 2 phase rectangle wave incremental

signal, Line Driver

Z phase rectangle wave reference signal,

Line Driver

Signal width A phase, B phase: 0.4<=(a+b)/p<=0.6

> DC~500kHz:  $a=(1/4\pm 1/36)p$

> > $c=(1/4\pm 1/36)p$

500kHz~2MHz:  $a=(1/4\pm 1/18)p$ 

 $c=(1/4\pm 1/18)p$ 

Z phase: 100<=e<=250 nsec Accumulate error

2MHz

25arc-secp-p or less

■ Maximum response frequency

■ Maximum response rotation speed 2400rpm (40rps)

■ Light source Semiconductor Laser 780nm, 5mw max.

■ Voltage  $DC\pm5V\pm5\%$ 

Current +5V: 280mA maximum with no output

-5V: 100mA maximum

#### **MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

■ Maximum Rotation Rate 5,000rpm ■ Starting Torque 50gf·cm or less ■ Inertial Moment of Rotor (GD<sup>2</sup>) 40gf·cm<sup>2</sup>

■ Maximum Load on Shaft Radial: 1.5kgf Thrust:

2.0kgf or less 2x105rad/sec2 ■ Maximum Angular Acceleration ■ Weight approx. 260g without cable

**■** Diameter 56mm

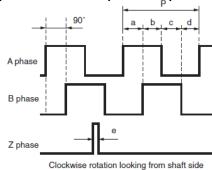
#### **ENVIROMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS**

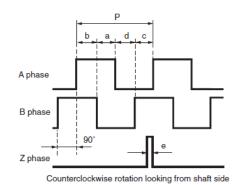
■ Operating Temperature 0 to 50° C -30 to 80° C ■ Storage Temperature ■ Humidity 90%RH or less (no condensation) ■ Vibration 10G, 500Hz max.

Shock 60G, 11ms max.

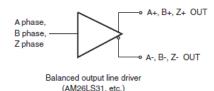
## **OUTPUT SIGNAL**

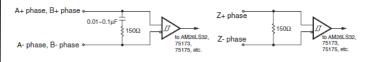
### Z phase is not synchronized with A phase or B phase





## **OUTPUT CIRCUIT**





# KP-1Z

# Module type rotary encoder, 81,000 sine wave per revolution



- Module type rotary encoder with canon original interference optics.
- Low influence from disk eccentricity.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

■Resolution 81,000 sine wave/revolution

■Angle/Pulse 16 arc-sec (without interpolator)

■Output Signal 2 phase sin wave incremental signal,

**Balanced Line Driver** 

Z phase 180°±1° High/Low reverse signal Laser monitor signal, Open corrector

(notice of time for LD exchange)
A phase, B phase : 1.0V<sub>P-P</sub> (typ.)

■Signal Amplitude A phase, B phase : 1.0V<sub>P-P</sub> (typ.)

Amplitude fluctuation due to revolution: ±0.15V

, implicate materials and to revenue

■Accumulate error 20arc-sec<sub>p-p</sub> or less

■ Maximum response frequency 500kHz
■ Maximum response rotation speed 360rpm (6rps)

■Light source Semiconductor Laser 780nm, 5mw max.

■Voltage DC±5V ±5%

■Current +5V: 200mA maximum

-5V: 100mA maximum

#### **MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

■Detection unit installation Eccentricity: ±25µm

Inclination: ±3 arc-sec toward

■Disk installation disk surface runout due to revolution:

less than 1arc-min.

eccentricity of grating scale:

less than 10µm

■Weight approx. 160g without cable

■Diameter Detection unit : 56mm, Disk : 48mm

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS**

■Operating temperature 0 to 50°C

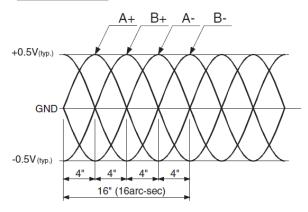
■Storage temperature -10 to 60°C

■Humidity 90%RH or less (no condensation)

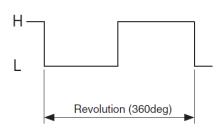
■Vibration 5G, 200Hz max.
■Shock 30G, 11ms max.

#### **OUTPUT SIGNAL**

#### A phase, B phase



#### Z phase



# R-1P32

# 648,000 pulses per rotation 2,592,000 counts can be read with ordinary divide-by-four circuit

- Compact and lightweight.
- 648,000 pulses per rotation with built-in interpolator.
- Maximum frequency response of 2.398MHz.
- 2,259,200 counts per rotation can be read with ordinary divide-by-four circuit.

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

■ Maximum Pulse 648,000 pulse/revolution (with built-in interpolator)

■ Resolution 0.5 arc-sec.

■Output Signal 2 phase rectangle wave incremental

signal, Line Driver

Z phase rectangle wave reference

signal, Line Driver

Laser monitor signal, Open corrector

(notice of time for LD exchange)

500<=e<=1250 nsec

+5V: 250mA maximum

with no output load

 $DC\pm5V\pm5\%$ 

■ Accumulate error 20arc-secp-p or less

■ Maximum response frequency 2.398MHz

■ Maximum response rotation speed 222rpm (3.7rps) 780nm, 5mw max.

■ Light source Semiconductor Laser

■ Voltage

■Z pulse width

■ Current

**OUTPUT SIGNAL** 

#### MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

■ Maximum rotation rate 5,000rpm ■ Starting torque 9gf·cm or less

■ Inertial moment of rotor (GD<sup>2</sup>) 8gf·cm<sup>2</sup> or less ■ Maximum load on shaft Radial : 0.4kgf

■ Thrust : 1.0kgf or less

■ Maximum angular acceleration 10<sup>5</sup> rad/sec<sup>2</sup> 80g without cable ■ Weight approx.

36mm ■ Diameter

### **ENVIROMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS**

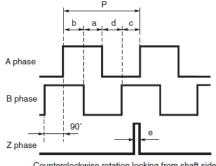
■ Operating temperature 0 to 50° C ■ Storage temperature -10 to 60° C ■ Humidity 90%RH or less

(no condensation)

5G. 200Hz max. ■ Vibration Shock 30G, 11ms max.

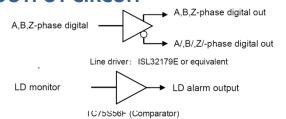
-5V: 50mA maximum Z phase is not synchronized with A phase or B phase

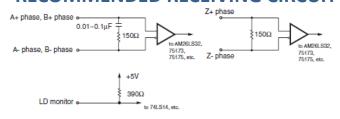
# A phase B phase Z phase Clockwise rotation looking from shaft side



Counterclockwise rotation looking from shaft side

## **OUTPUT CIRCUIT**





# X-1M

# Super High Resolution, 225,000 sine wave per revolution



- A sinusoidal wave output of 225,000 wave/rotation.
- High precision is assured by a common path optical system (accumulative accuracy ±1second or less).
- Installation in a machine is facilitated by the reflex configuration in which the detecting unit is separated from the disk.
- The encoder is designed to prevent transmission of light through the central section of the disk and sensor unit.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

■Resolution 225,000 sinusoidal wave/revolution

■Anale/Pulse 5.76arc-sec (without interpolator) 2 phase sine wave incremental signal, ■Output Signal

Balanced output

Z phase rectangle wave reference signal, Balanced Line Driver

A, B phase signal

Output voltage 1.1±0.2V<sub>p-p</sub>

(50kHz, no load, all of A+, A-, B+, B-)

Each output approximately  $110\Omega$ Output impedance Phase difference 90°±5° (0~113kHz: 0~30rpm)

90°±10° (~450kHz: ~120rpm) 90°±15° (~675kHz: ~180rpm)

Phase relationship Looking from the disk or shaft side, A

phase leads when the disk is rotating

clockwise.

Z phase signal

Output format Differential Line driver output

Pulse width 1.0±0.2µsec Recommended load current ±20mA

■Maximum response frequency 675kHz

■Maximum response rotation speed 180rpm (3rpm)

**■**Light source Semiconductor Laser 780nm, 5mw max.

**■**Voltage DC±5V ±5%

**■**Current +5V: 260mA maximum with no output load

-5V: 60mA maximum

#### **MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

■Inertial Moment of Rotor 1.45X103g-cm2

**■**Weight Detection unit: approx. 1.2kg

without cable

Disk unit: approx. 0.26kg

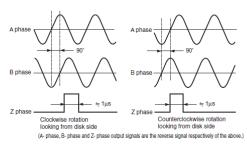
#### **ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS**

■Operating temperature 10 to 40°C ■Storage temperature -10 to 60°C

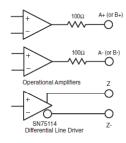
■Humidity 80%RH or less (no condensation)

■Vibration 5G, 250Hz max. **■**Shock 30G, 11ms max.

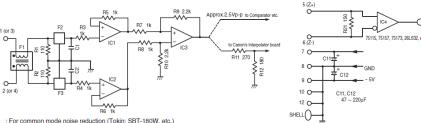
#### **OUTPUT SIGNAL**



#### **OUTPUT CIRCUIT**



#### RECOMMENDED RECEIVING CIRCUIT

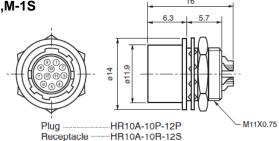


: For common mode noise reduction (Tokin: SBT-180W, etc.) : For normal mode noise reduction (Murata : DSS306-55B271M, etc.

1, 73 - For formation mode index electrical in the control of the

# **CONNECTORS PIN NUMBERS AND THE FUNCTIONS**





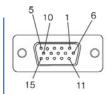
#### Receptacle: included

R-1SO, K-1

Pin No.	Function	Pin No.	Function	
1	A phase *1	7	+5V	
2	GND	8	GND	
3	B phase *1	9	-5V	
4	GND	10	GND	
5	Z phase	11	R-1SO: LD alarm K-1: NC	
6	GND 12 CA		CASE / shield	
Shell	Shield (Frame Ground)			

## R-1SL, M-1S

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Pin No.	Function	Pin No.	Function		
1	A+	7	+5V		
2	A-	8	GND		
3	B+	9	−5V		
4	B-	10	GND		
5	Z+	11	R-1SL:LD alarm M-1S: NC		
6	Z-	12	CASE / shield		
Shell	Shield (Frame Ground)				



Plug ----D-sub 15pin Cable Length: 300mm Receptacle: not included

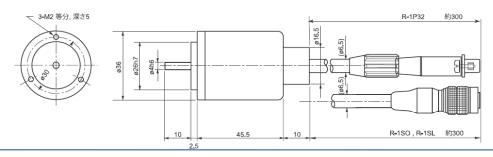
## R-1P32

Pin No.	Function	Pin No.	Function
1	A+	8	-5V
2	A-	9	LD alarm
3	B+	10	Z+
4	B-	11	Z-
5	GND	12	NC
6	NC	13	NC
7	+5V	Shell	CASE / shield

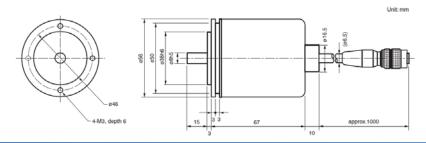
		Internal Interpolation Setting				
		x32	x 16	x 8	x 20	
14	SEL 1	GND	OPEN	GND	OPEN	
15	SEL 2	GND	GND	OPEN	OPEN	

## **OUTER DIMENSIONS**

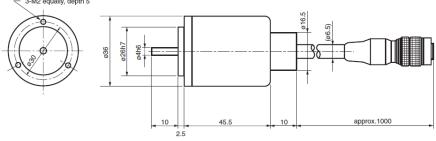
## R-1SO, R-1SL, R-1P32



## M-1S

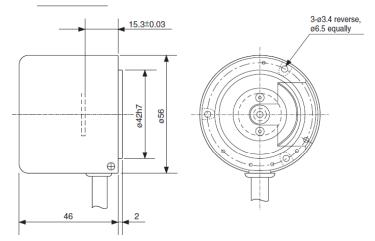


K-1 \_ 3-M2 equally, depth 5

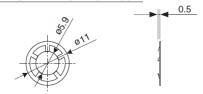


<sup>\*1</sup> K-1 : Analog output / R-SO: Rectangular Output

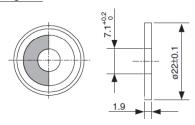
## KP-1Z Detection unit



#### Grating disk temporary stopper

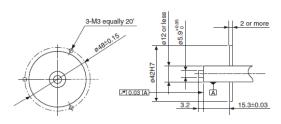


### Grating disk



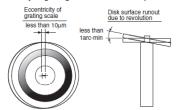
«Permissible level for installation of detection unit and disk»

#### Shape of fitting part



#### Scale fitting

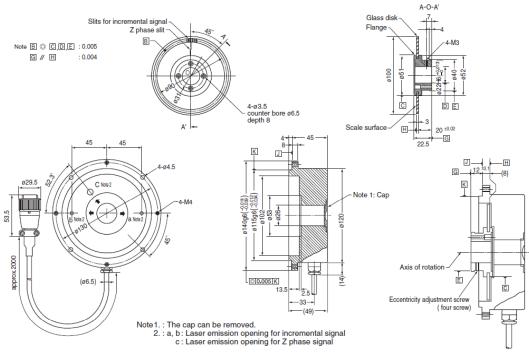
Disk surface runout due to revolution : less than 1arc-min. Eccentricity of grating scale : less than  $10\mu m$ 



#### **Detection unit fitting**

Eccentricity: ±25µm
Inclination: ±3 arc-sec toward

### **X-1M**



#### «Permissible level for installation of detection unit and disk unit»

and the color of the call and t				
Inclination	less than ±3 arc-sec	The inclination of the G surface to the J surface is less than 3 arc minutes.		
Interval	less than ±0.1mm	Interval between G surface and J surface is 12±0.1mm		
Eccentricity	less than 10µm	The eccentricity of C surface or E surface is less than 10µm. (20µmp-p)		
Eccentricity of detection unit	less than 50µm	The eccentricity of the K surface of the detection unit is 50µm or less to the rotation shaft.		

# **Precautions When Installing**

#### 1.Maximum Load on the Shaft and Coupling

When a rotary encoder is connected to the drive shaft of anotherdevice, any sliding of the shaft core. vibration of the drive shaft or a thrust change would affect the bearing that receives theforce, resulting in a decreased level of precision, shorter life, and/or damage. Please use the unit within the maximum load. If the unit is used with rigid connection, the centering offset andthrust change must not exceed 2mm and 1mm, respectively. If precise centering is difficult, use flexible coupling to absorb thecentering offset, contact with the drive shaft, and thrust changes. Flexible coupling works well in a still state (at rest) even if theload due to eccentricity and/or tilting of the drive shaft exceedsthe maximum limit; however, care must be taken during rotationas an unreasonable amount of force may cause damage.

#### 2. Effects of Noise from Peripheral Devices

Pulse-type noises generated by motors, motor drivers, powersupplies, relays, and other devices could cause adverse effectson the encoder, resulting in malfunctioning. In particular, com-mon-mode (same phase) noise could affect the unit through themotor, encoder itself, power-supply line, and shield lines; there-fore, measures must be taken with full understanding of the pathof the electric current. Here is an example to reduce the effectsof the noise.

#### ■.Maximum Load

Model	Radial	Thrust	
R-1SL/SO/P32	0.4kgf	1.0kgf	
M-1S	1.5kgf	2.0kgf	

### ■Application Example (R-1)

To attain a transfer precision of 10 seconds with U-2type coupling (manufactured by Daido SeimitsuKogyo K.K.): The mounting eccentricity shall be within 0.03mm.

